



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

and *Houstonia purpurea* have been found at Boxford, *Cynoglossum officinale* at Topsfield, and *Verbascum Blattaria*, *Echium vulgare* and *Trifolium stoloniferum* at Georgetown.

We found on the field day above mentioned *Campanula rotundifolia* with double flowers.

Georgetown, Mass.

C. N. S. HORNER.

Helonias bullata in Cultivation.—It has been claimed that *Helonias bullata* would not thrive under cultivation, but I have succeeded in growing it to perfection here in Massachusetts. After trying it in different soils and situations and meeting with no success, it was at last planted in mud saturated with water the whole year, the water being allowed to stand around the plants. They have been planted three years, and last year I counted over sixty rank flower-stalks, some of them two and a half feet high.

Southwick, Mass.

EDWARD GILLETT.

Stipules in Onagraceæ.—It is stated in all the books that the Order Onagraceæ is ex-stipulate. I have a *Fuchsia*, the young and vigorous shoots of which show small, but very decided stipules. If one were describing the plant, unbiased by previous conceptions, he would most certainly report it stipular. In connection with this, see *Nature*, Vol. xxii., page 521, where, quoting Baillon, it is stated that many Onagraceæ show small stipules.

Providence, R. I.

W. W. BAILEY,

Contributions toward a List of the State and Local Floras of the United States

THE WESTERN STATES.

ILLINOIS (continued).*

The native naturalized and cultivated Grasses of the State of Illinois. By I. A. Lapham. (D.)

In Trans. Agric. Soc., Vol. ii., 1855-7.

Additions and Annotations to Mr. Lapham's Catalogue of Illinois Plants. By F. Brendel. (C.)

In Trans. Agric. Soc., Vol. iii., 1857-8.

List of Plants in Northern Counties of Illinois not in Lapham's Catalogue by M. S. Bebb.

In Trans. Agric. Soc., Vol. iii., 1857-8.

Mosses of Illinois. By George Vasey.

In Agric. Trans., Vol. iii.

List of Trees found in Fulton Co. By John Wolf.

In Vol. iii., Geol. of Ill.

W. R. G.

N. L. B.

*We are indebted to Prof. L. M. Underwood for this additional list. The full title of the catalogue by John Wolf and Elihu Hall (BULLETIN, Vol. x., p. 120) is:

"A List of Mosses, Liverworts and Lichens of Illinois." (Bull. No. 2, Ill. State Lab. Nat. Hist.) The continuation of Brendel's Trees and Shrubs of Illinois was concluded in Vol. iv., Agricult. Trans., 1859-60.